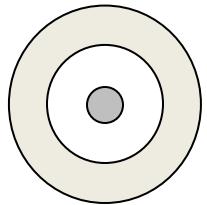
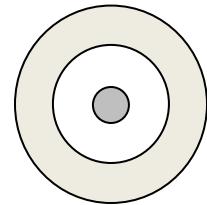
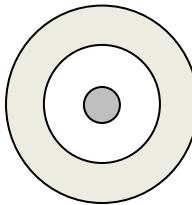


Unit 1: Introduction

3 – Sig Figs

Accuracy:

Precision:



- When making a measurement, the last digit is always _____
- All recorded data is considered _____, however the last digit is deemed _____.
- A measuring instrument generally has a precision of...

Ex.

Measure the width of the bench

The Sig Fig Rules

1) All non-zero numbers...

Ex: 321 has _____ sig figs

2) Zeroes that occur...

Ex: 1001 has _____ sig figs

3) In a non-decimal number...

Ex: 5200 has _____ sig figs

4) Zeroes to the left...

Ex: 0.0085 has _____ sig figs

5) In a decimal number...

Ex: 0.2500 has _____ sig figs

Examples: How many sig figs are in each number?

1) 1500 2) 2021 3) 0.34 4) 0.0039

5) 50 000 6) 0.800 7) 0.000360 8) 1200.00

Multiplying and Dividing

- When multiplying or dividing numbers, our final answer is always ...

Ex: $350 \times 1.15 =$

$200.0 \times 150 =$

$0.002695 \times 100 =$

Adding and Subtracting

- When adding or subtracting numbers, our final answer is always ...

Ex: $25 + 57.65 =$

$0.6851 - 0.337 =$

$5.024 - 5.01 =$

Worksheet 1.3 – Significant Figures

1) Counting sig figs: write down the number of sig figs each piece of data has:

a) 0.0021 m

d) 410 kg

b) $200,000 \text{ m}^3$

e) 0.0002 s

c) 21.200 s

f) 91.0001 m^2

2) Multiplication with sig figs:

a) $92.45 \text{ m} \cdot 1.01 \text{ m} =$

e) $0.00698 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 100 \text{ cm} =$

b) $0.0024 \text{ N} \cdot 4.24 \text{ s} =$

f) $2001 \text{ kg} \cdot 12.6 \text{ m/s} =$

c) $4000 \text{ kg} \cdot 2.001 \text{ m/s}$

g) $610 \text{ N} \cdot 4002 \text{ s} =$

3) Division with sig figs:

a) $12 \text{ m} \div 31.2 \text{ s} =$

d) $1800 \text{ kg} \div 410 \text{ s} =$

b) $69.4 \text{ kg} \div 38.888 \text{ s} =$

e) $0.102 \text{ m} \div 100 \text{ ms} =$

c) $0.012 \text{ m}^2 \div 0.0002 \text{ s} =$

f) $1001 \text{ m}^3 \div 40 \text{ ks} =$

4) Addition and subtraction with sig figs:

a) $14 \text{ m} + 12.2 \text{ m} =$

d) $69.45 \text{ s} + 19.3 \text{ s} =$

b) $0.012 \text{ kg} + 1.0046 \text{ kg} - 0.0064 \text{ kg} =$

e) $200.1 \text{ m} - 128.28 \text{ m} =$

c) $12.46 \text{ kg} + 9.82 \text{ kg} - 6.666 \text{ kg} =$

5) Chain calcs with sig figs: write down the number of sig figs each piece of data has:

a) $(0.045 \text{ m} \cdot 9.92 \text{ kg}) \div 16.86 \text{ s} =$

b) $(9000 \text{ m} \cdot 4.01 \text{ m}) \cdot 1.002 \text{ m} =$

c) $(0.21 \text{ m} \cdot 6.23 \text{ s}) \cdot 1.002 \text{ m} =$

d) $(18.01 \text{ m} \cdot 0.41 \text{ m}) \div (14.62 \text{ kg} \cdot 12 \text{ s}) =$