## Newton's 2<sup>nd</sup> Law

## **Cart Race**

<u>Purpose</u>: To determine the relationships between acceleration, force and mass.

Materials: cart, timer, measuring tape, graph paper

<u>Procedure</u>

Data:

<u>e:</u>	rider	puller	 
()		<b>6</b>	
4	<u>)</u>	_	
		d=10.0m	
Rider	1: Joey Jo	e Joe	X

Rider 2: Hans Mole may Mass (cart + rider): 48 kg

**FBD:** Draw a free-body diagram for the cart being pulled

Distance: 10.0

Force	Time	Acceleration (a = $2d/t^2$ )
(N)	(s)	(m/s²)
10.	23.92	
20.	10.31	
30.	7.78	
40.	6.14	
50.	5.55	

**Distance**: **0.0** m

Mass (cart + rider): 6

Force	Time	Acceleration (a = $2d/t^2$ )
(N)	(s)	(m/s²)
10.	15.34	
20.	8.30	
30.	6.26	
40.	5.27	
SO.	4.41	

## Discussion:

- 1) Plot a graph of **Force vs. Acceleration** for Rider 1. Draw a line of best fit and determine the slope and y-intercept (include units). Do all your work on the graph paper.
- 2) On the same axis plot a graph of F vs. a for Rider 2. Draw a line of bet fit and determine the slope and y-intercept (include units).
- 3) Analyze your results and determine the relationship between force and acceleration.
- 4) Analyze your results and determine the relationship between acceleration and mass.
- 5) Should the lines you plotted go through (0,0)? Explain.
- 6) The relationship between force and acceleration is given by Newton's  $2^{nd}$  Law: **Fnet = ma**. In this case this becomes:

$$Fapp - Ff = ma$$
.

a. Rearrange this formula to fit the equation of a straight line:

$$y = mx + b$$

- b. What does the y-intercept represent?
- c. What does the slope represent?